

The Future of Ventura's Water Supply



Daniel Cormode East Ventura Community Council Planning & Development Committee 2016 02 25

Working Towards The Future

02/28/2016



We're running short of water?







WASTEWATER TO REUSE PROCESS CHART





Potable Reuse

Reclaimed water not available until sometime after 2022

WATER PROJECT SCHEDULES FROM WATER COMMISSION MEETING 22 DEC 2015																
Project	Title	Project Total		⁵ rior	2015/2016	2016/2017	2017/2018	2018/2019	2019/2020	2020/2021	2021/2022	⁻ uture Years				
			Administration & Planning	X	X	X						-				
	Repair and Restoration of Intake		Design	Х	Х	Х										
97945	Structure	\$600,000	Construction			Х	Х								May N	ot Be
			Administration & Planning	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х							Opera	tional
	Foster Park Wellfield Production		Design				Х	Х							Unti	I All
07021	Postoration	\$28,000,000	Construction					Y	Y	v	Y				Elemen	its Are
			Administration & Planning				Х	Х					~		Funct	ional
	Advanced Treatment Plant Land		Design													
74070	Acquisition	\$1,430,000	Construction						Х							
			Administration & Planning				Х	Х						່ວວ		100*
	Ventura-Oxnard Emergency Water		Design					Х	Х	Х			1	\$23	5,244,	100.
97949	Intertie	\$15,600,000	Construction								Х		-			
			Administration & Planning			Х	Х	Х	Х	Х						
	Recycled Water Line - Purewater		Design						Х	Х	Х					
74058	Pipelines	\$40,000,000	Construction								Х	X			No Color	امعايياه
			Administration & Planning			Х	Х	Х							NO SCHE	aulea
			Design					Х	Х	Х					Comple	etion
74084	Brine Line Ocean Outfall	\$26,000,000	Construction								Х	X			Dat	e
			Administration & Planning					S								
			Design												Penc	ling
74059	Advanced Treatment Potable Reuse	\$75,000,000	Construction												Proj	ect
			Administration & Planning			S	1									
			Design													
73078	Bailey Treatment Plant Modification	\$2,000,000	Construction												Unsche	duled
			Administration & Planning									S	\leftarrow		Penc	ling
			Design												Proj	ect
73083	Advanced Treatment Plant - Desalination	\$120,000,000	Construction													
* Includes cost of financing Loss of Lake Casitas Supply																

* Includes cost of financing

02/28/2016

	UDO		\$10,766 Table 1 - COMP/	ARISON OF WATER	PROJECT COSTS				
E	VCC		per 1		Cost Listed on Water Commission		Yield (Without Foster Park		
COMM	I VENTURA		household	Cost Listed on	Potential Water	Yield (With Foster	Wellfield		
COMM				CIP Project	Supply Sources	Park Wellfield	Restoration)		
		Project	Title	Descriptions	Presentation	Restoration) (AFY)	(AFY)		
		97945	Repair and Restoration of Intake Structure	\$600,000					
		97921	Foster Park Wellfield Production Restoration	\$28,000,000					
			Total Foster Park Production Restoration	\$28,600,000	\$23,300,000	2,500	0		
		74070	Advanced Treatment Plant Land Acquisition	\$1,430,000					
	97949 74058		Ventura-Oxnard Emergency Water Intertie	\$15,600,000		he cost of reclaimed water is			
			Recycled Water Line - Purewater Pipelines	\$40,000,000	un 🔶 un	derestimated a	nd the		
		74084	Brine Line Ocean Outfall	\$26,000,000	(у	ield overestima	ited.		
		74059	Advanced Treatment Potable Reuse	\$75,000,000	\sim				
		73078	Bailey Blending	\$2,000,000					
			Total Advanced Treatment Potable Reuse	\$160,030,000	\$65,800,000	3,898	3,898		
		73083	Advanced Treatment Plant - Desalination	\$120,000,000					
			Total Advanced Treatment Plant - Desalination	\$120,000,000	\$80,000,000	3,000	3,000		
	INO		Total Project Cost	\$308,630,000	\$169,100,000				
	curren	t	Estimated Financing Cost (50%)*	\$144,116,100	\$79,477,000				
			NetZero Cost Basis	\$452,746,100	\$248,577,000				
~	CIP IO	7	/ Unit Cost with Foster Park Wellfield Restoration						
	Desal	, /	(\$/AF)	48,174	26,449	9,398			
			Unit Cost Without Foster Park Wellfield						
			Restoration (\$/AF)	65,634	36,036		6,898		
			*Based on 50% of capital cost for 30 years with ser	mi-annual payme	nts.				





Pending Projects Summary

PENDING PROJECTS 2016 02 11												
	SQFTCOMMER	SQFTINDUST	SQFTINST	SQFTOFFICE	SQFTRETAIL	SQFTHOTEL	SQFTMFG	SQFTWAREHS	ACREPARK	NUMBEDS	ΝυΜυΝΙΤΤΟΤ	
In Planning Process	53,408	12,239	0	85,646	48,789	180,121	0	0	3	0	1,627	
In Plan Check	0	62,000	0	0	3,000	93,000	0	0	0	0	287	
All Planning Approvals	3,382	234,010	0	14,255	68,760	0	0	0	0	0	1,923	
Under Construction	0	0	320,000	4,860	3,456	0	0	0	0	230	439	
Total	56,790	308,249	320,000	104,761	124,005	273,121	0	0	3	230	4,276	
			PENDING	PROJECT	S 2016 02	11						
	SQFTCOMMER	SQFTINDUST	SQFTINST	SQFTOFFICE	SQFTRETAIL	SQFTHOTEL	SQFTMFG	SQFTWAREHS	ACREPARK	NUMBEDS	NUMUNITTOT	InCasitas
Out of District	11,065	369,738	0	83,260	85,068	116,961	0	73,728	0	0	2,461	N
Casitas MWD District	45,725	12,239	320,000	21,501	38,937	156,160	0	0	3	230	1,815	Y
Total	56,790	381,977	320,000	104,761	124,005	273,121	0	73,728	3	230	4,276	



EXPECTED WATER DEMAND (AF) 2016 02 11												
	COMMERCIAL	INDUSTRIAL	INSTITUTIONAL	OFFICE	RETAIL	НОТЕL	MANUFACTURING	WAREHOUSE	PARK	HOSPITAL	RESIDENTIAL	
In Planning Process	16	4	0	26	15	54	0	0	6	0	667	
In Plan Check	0	19	0	0	1	28	0	0	0	0	118	
All Planning Approvals	1	70	0	4	21	0	0	0	0	0	788	
Under Construction	0	0	96	1	1	0	0	0	0	140	180	
Total	17	92	96	31	37	82	0	0	6	140	1.753	
		EXP	ECTED W	ATER DEN	/AND (AF) 2016 02	11					
	COMMERCIAL	INDUSTRIAL	INSTITUTIONAL	OFFICE	RETAIL	HOTEL	MANUFACTURI NG	WAREHOUSE	PARK	HOSPITAL	RESIDENTIAL	IN CASITAS
Out of District	3	111	0	25	26	35	0	22	0	0	1,009	N
Casitas MWD District	14	4	96	6	12	47	0	0	6	140	744	Y
Total	17	115	96	31	37	82	0	22	6	140	1,753	



2005 Foster Park Wellfield Storm

Is restoration of the Foster Park Wellfield a



Source: 2005 Foster Park Wellfield Storm Damage Biological Opinion



Foster Park Wellfield Surface Intake





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Ventura River Flow Percent of Time vs Flow

Ventura River Flow

- The U.S. Army Corps of Engineers Biological Opinion SWR/2002/01708 issued 29 Mar 2007 states the new Foster Park Groundwater wellswill have a combined flow of 3 cfs and be operated only when surface flows in the Ventura River (measured at the Foster Park Gaging Station, USGS 11118500, or similar device), equal or exceed 15 cubic feet per second (cfs). When surface flows in the river, as above, fall below 12 cfs, operation of the subject wellswill cease.
- The ability to recover water from high and normal flows is undependable and limited.
- Ventura River flow is greater than 12 cfs only 29.3% of the time

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Foster Park Monthly Diversion







Source: City of San Buenaventura Final Report on the Evaluation of Long Term Alternative Water Sources, Montgomery-Watson, July 1993





Foster Park Wellfield Production Restoration Construction Estimate





Foster Park Wellfield Production Restoration Construction Estimate

Construction Estimate

Program 97921

Project Title Foster Park Weilfield Production Restoration

Last Updated 10/1/2015

by JM

Escalation Factor 3.00%

					Base Year	Mid-Point			
Item Description	Quantity	Unit	Unit Cost	Extension	Estimate	Construction	Actual \$	Notes	
1 New Well - Nye 9	1	88	400000	\$400,000	2005	2019	\$605,036	includes well drilling, w	elihead, pump, motor, controls
2 New Well - Nye 10	1	ea	400000	\$400,000	2005	2021	\$641,883	includes well drilling, w	ellhead, pump, motor, controls
3 Wellhead Nye 12	1	ea	200000	\$200,000	2005	2025	\$361,222	includes wellhead pipin	g, pump, motor, controls
4 Wellhead Nye 13	1	eə	200000	\$200,000	2005	2025	\$361,222	includes wellhead pipin	g, pump, motor, controls
5 New Well Nye 14 (future replacement Nye 7)	1	63	400000	\$400,000	2005	2030	\$837,511	includes well drilling, w	ellhead, pump, motor, controls
6 New Well Nye 15 (future replacement Nye 8)	1	ea	400000	\$400,000	2005	2030	\$837,511	includes well drilling, w	ellhead, pump, motor, controls
7 Destroy Nye 2	1	ea	250000	\$200,000	2015	2025	\$268,783	estimated effort based	on similar projects
8 Convert Surface Intake Into Subsurface Only	1	ea	100000	\$100,000	2013	2030	\$165,285	estimated effort based	on similar projects
9 New Pipeline for River Crossing	2000	ft	900	\$1,800,000	2015	2025	\$2,419,049	directional drilling and	HDPE
10 New Bige Interconenctions/ Transmission Piper	10000	ft	275	\$2,750,000	2007	2025	\$4,681,691	÷.	
Subsurface Collector Rehab/Replacement/Extension	1000	ft	500	\$500,000	2015	2019	\$562,754		
12 East Stream Sank Protection	1	ea	3764000	\$3,764,000	2010	2025	\$5,864,189	Hawks Estimate 2010	
13 West Stream Bank Protection	1	ea	1653500	\$1,653,500	2010	2025	\$2,576,099	Hawks Estimate 2010	
14 Other Misc. Improvements/Mitigation	1	ea	1000000	\$1,000,000	2013	2030	\$1,652,848	allowance for upgradin	g existing wells, additional environmental
Subtrial (no contineency)					+		\$21 835 084		
Sources (no contingency)	· · · ·						461/000/000		
Construction Contingency	10%						\$2,183,508		
Construction Contingency Total Construction (estimate in CIP may be rounded u	10%						\$2,183,508	~	

It has been concluded that rehabilitation of the subsurface collector is not considered feasible due to the age of the structure, the nature of the openings, the materials of construction, and the anticipated high cost of what would be considered unconventional rehabilitation techniques



- Predicted change in climate can be expected to reduce the ability of the aquifer to recharge due decreasing flows caused by to higher temperature, greater summertime heat stress, prolonged periods of very hot weather, later onset of winter rain and the increase in storm intensity and runoff.
- Restoration of the Foster Park wellfield has not been demonstrated to be a sound economic decision based both on damage by previous storm events and new facilities being constructed within 100 year floodplain.
- The two additional wells installed at Foster Park as part of the Matilija Dam Ecosystem Restoration Project were constructed in order to mitigate for water lost as a result of increases in turbidity due to removal of Matilija Dam and are not to be operated until project related impacts after removal of Matilija Dam necessitate the activation.
- Biological Opinions issued by the National Marine Fisheries Service dictate that new wells may be operated only when the River flow exceeds 12 cubic feet a second.



- The future of Foster Park wellfield as a continued source of water supply is clouded due to ongoing litigation by the Santa Barbara Coastal Keepers and City of San Buenaventura.
- Hydrogeological Studies and Environmental Impact Reports address operational capacities and peak water production flow rates but do not predict a sustainable yield.
- Estimated operational capacities of wells are based on testable findings, well test data, aquifer parameter estimates and well interference analysis and do not predict a sustainable yield based on the variable and unreliable River flow conditions.
- The proposed strategy for management of the Foster Park wellfield will place an inordinate amount of stress on the aquifer and exacerbate depletion of the aquifer during periods of low water availability.



- Current water supply predictions are based on a 21-year-old evaluation of longterm alternative water sources which relied on increase surface diversion and sub service diversion which has subsequently been destroyed or if projected to be abandoned due to change in the River's course.
- The rivers groundwater basin could be depleted in less than two years if the city were to extract less than the historical average of 5,500 acre-feet per year from River.
- Production from the Ventura River varies greatly from year to year due to the effects of weather, local hydrology, the storage capacity of the Ventura River alluvium and upstream diversions.
- A more realistic understanding of the basis potential yield and production capacity requires a modeling effort thought is beyond the scope of study of previous models.
- There is a limited opportunity to derive additional yield from existing facilities even though the city has the belief that it has the ability to restore and continue surface diversion based on historic use.















SUPPLEMENTAL SLIDES

Wells are located in Flood Plain

Current Conditions Flood Boundaries

Matilija Da	Figure A1	
Restoration	n Project ounty, CA	Principal Inve Blair Greima
		US Bureau o Technical Se
0 100 200	400 Feet	April 9, 2007

Principal Investigators: Blair Greimann, David Mooney US Bureau of Reclamation Technical Service Center April 9, 2007

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Wastewater Pasteurization Process Diagram

Equivalent Power Generation Efficiency = 64.5% (HHV)